



The global consumer: Changed for good

**Consumer trends accelerated by the
COVID-19 pandemic are sticking.**

PwC's June 2021
Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



The COVID-19 pandemic is one of the greatest health crises in modern history. But it has also taught us how resilient we are, individually and collectively, in all facets of our lives. Retailers and consumer goods companies have seen the difference, too, and the press has reported on it and consumers themselves have lived it.

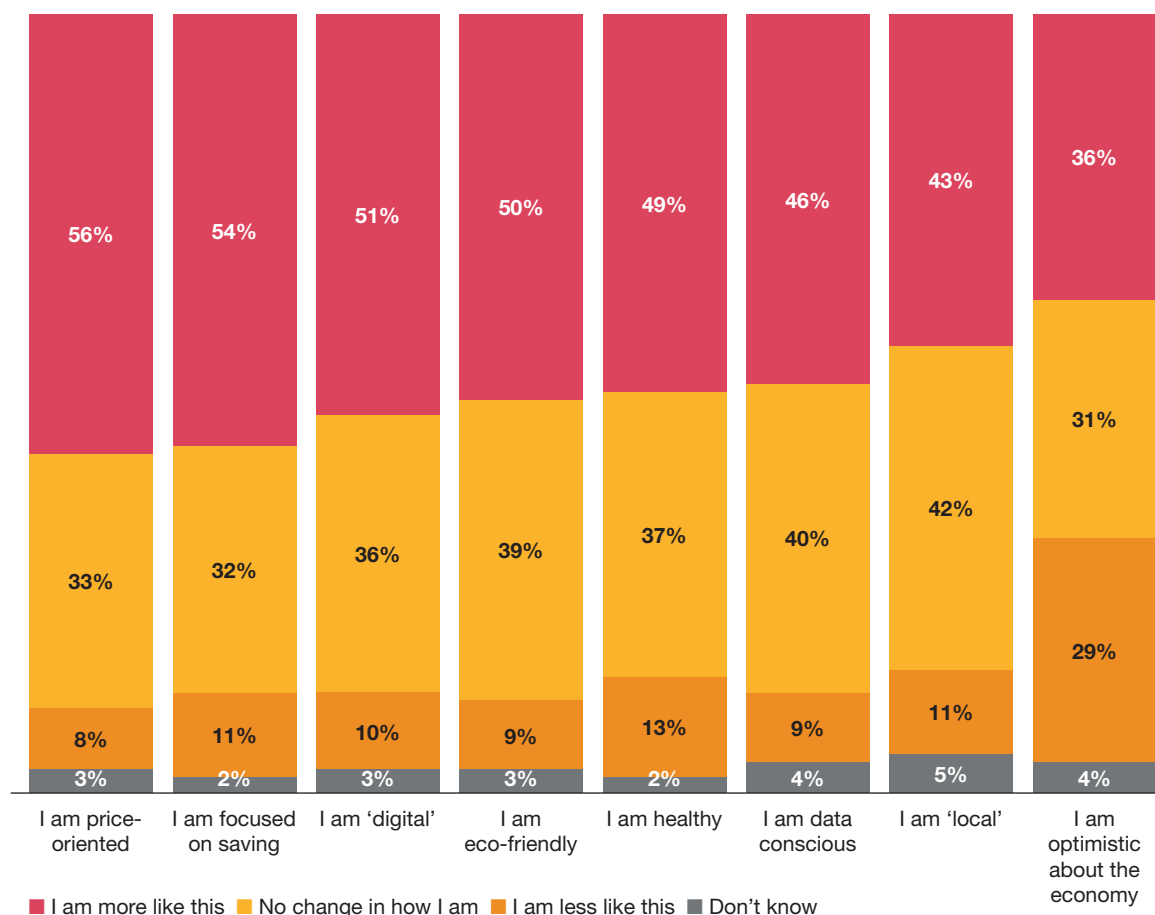
To be so resilient, consumers have had to pivot and adopt new habits. Many business leaders wondered at the outset of the pandemic whether these changes, which accelerated trends that were already in motion, would be fleeting or permanent. Now, PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey, conducted in March 2021, reveals that the changes are sticking—signifying a historic and dramatic shift in consumer behaviour.

For years, our research has charted trends such as the continuous growth of online shopping and an increasing sensitivity to the environmental impact of purchases. Our most recent Pulse survey shows that in just six months, from the time our first Pulse survey was conducted in October 2020 to when our second Pulse survey was conducted in March 2021, consumers evolved to be even more digital and eco-friendly. They also reported being more price-oriented, healthy, data-conscious and 'local' (see Exhibit 1).

Exhibit 1

Consumers see themselves changing across many different dimensions

Q: Thinking of the past six months (October 2020 to March 2021), please indicate how, if at all, you have evolved as a consumer.



Base: All respondents (8,681).

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

Our previous Pulse survey pointed to four fault lines emerging between distinct groups of global consumers—and these distinctions are sticking, showing up clearly in our latest results, too. First, there are still marked differences between consumers who work primarily at home and those who mostly work elsewhere. Second, there's still a gap between younger and older consumers' behaviours. Third, shoppers who prioritise health and safety behave differently from those who don't. And finally, consumers in the Asia-Pacific region don't act in the same ways as those in other regions.

Let's look at the five most significant changes exposed by the latest survey.

1

More digital

Consumers' shift to digital has accelerated dramatically. They are buying more groceries online, Gen Z consumers have developed apps to find surplus COVID-19 shots, businesses have discovered that remote work really can work—the list goes on.

More than half of the global consumers we surveyed in our most recent research say they've become more digital since our first Pulse survey was conducted. Consumers in Brazil, Egypt and Mexico say they've changed the most in this regard.

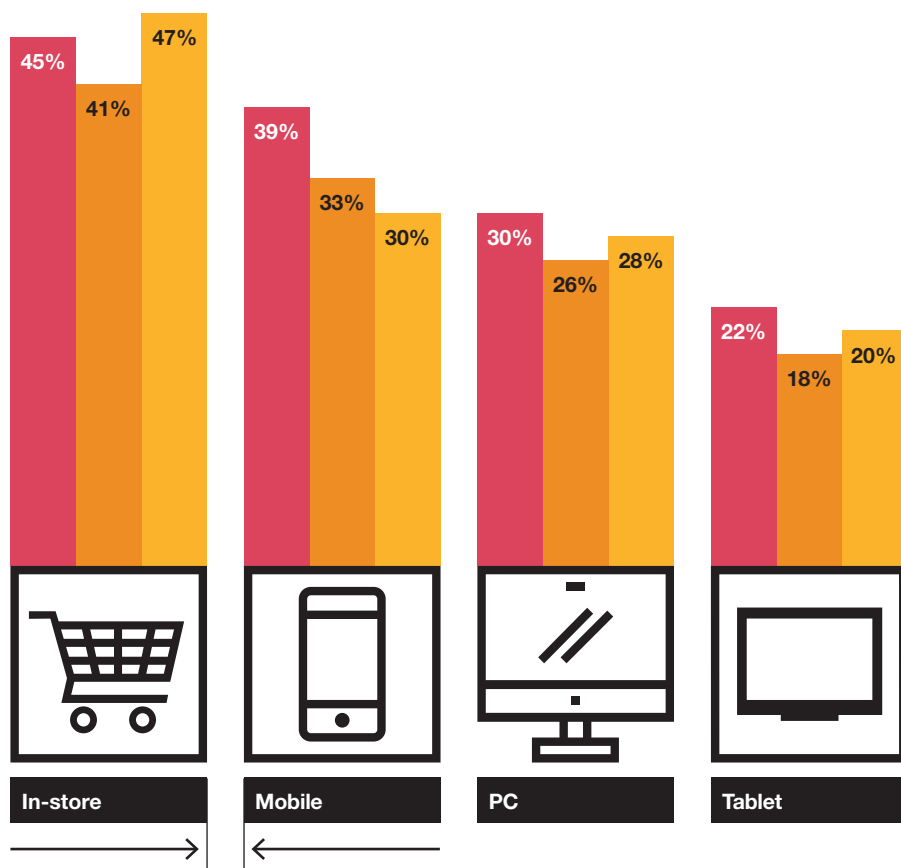
And it's clear that more and more of that consumption is happening on mobile phones. Even though there's been a slight uptick in in-store commerce, shopping via smartphone keeps climbing steeply, gaining 2 percentage points on in-store shopping since our March 2021 Pulse survey was conducted (see Exhibit 2) and more than doubling since 2018.



Exhibit 2

Online shopping continues to grow, but in-store has recovered somewhat

Q: In the past 12 months (March 2020 to March 2021), how often have you bought products (e.g., clothes, books, electronics) using the following shopping channels? (Percentages indicate respondents who say they had used a shopping channel with either daily or weekly frequency and do not include grocery shopping.)



■ June 2021 ■ March 2021 ■ 2020

Note: The 2020 survey was city-focused and trend-indicative.

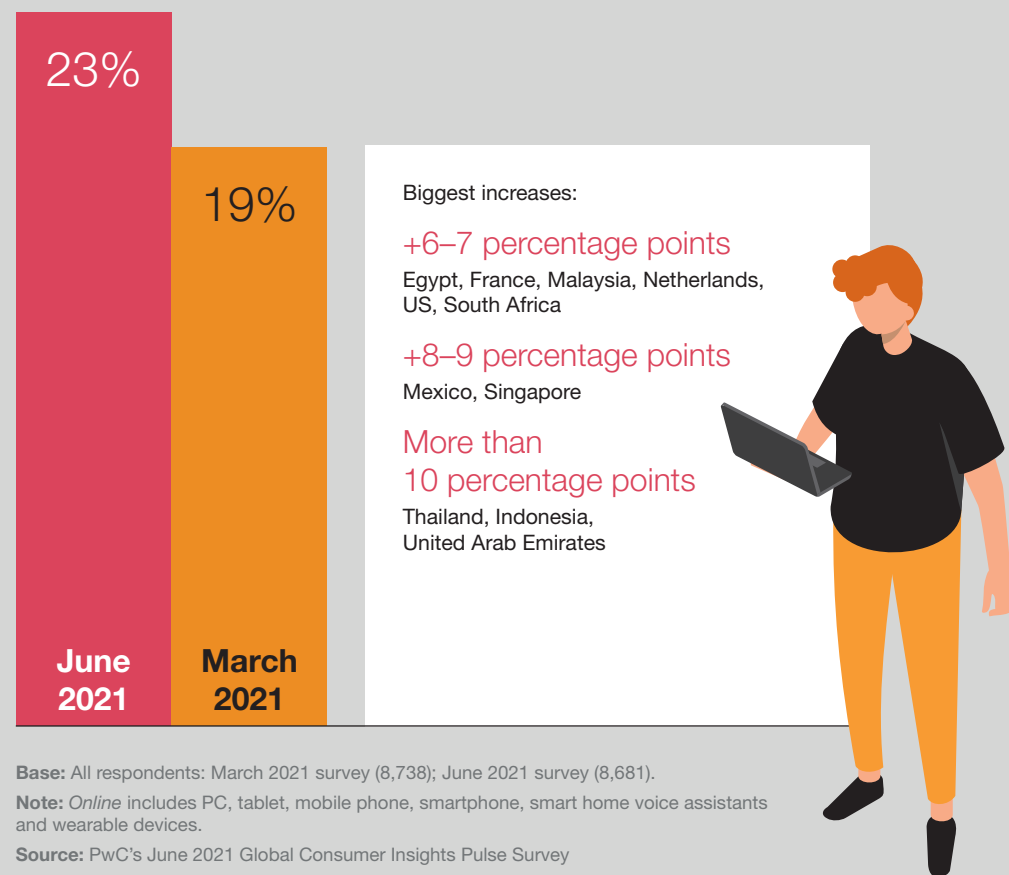
Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

There's been an uptick in the frequency of e-commerce, too: compared to when our first Pulse survey was conducted, more people say they're buying online at least daily. The increase is substantial in Thailand, Indonesia and the United Arab Emirates, and truly attention-getting in France, the US and Egypt, among other nations (see Exhibit 3).

Exhibit 3

More consumers are shopping online at least daily

Q: In the past 12 months (March 2020 to March 2021), how often have you bought products (e.g., clothes, books, electronics) online? (Percentages indicate respondents who say they had shopped online daily, not including grocery shopping.)



Although price is the highest-ranking reason that consumers in our most recent survey say they're shopping online, they still consider fast and reliable delivery and availability to be important. Interestingly, in this latest Pulse survey, consumers say a good return policy is their third-most-important consideration when shopping online. That's a change from the last Pulse survey, when they placed being able to quickly and conveniently navigate the website third (see Exhibit 4).



Our insight: The shift to online shopping will continue, particularly among those who now work more often—or all the time—from home. Even as public health restrictions ease, we expect many to continue working from home at least some of the time, and the at-home cohort was shown in our last Pulse survey to be significantly less likely to shop in physical stores than the cohort working away from home. We believe that online shopping will continue to rapidly gain ground on in-store shopping.

Exhibit 4

Fast delivery and availability continue to be most important to those shopping online

Q: In the current climate, which attributes are important to you when shopping online? (Answers reflect the percentage who chose the reason as one of their top three.)

	June 2021	March 2021
1	Fast/reliable delivery 41%	Fast/reliable delivery 42%
2	In-stock availability of items I want 35%	In-stock availability of items I want 38%
3	A good return policy 31%	Ability to quickly and conveniently navigate the website to find products I'm interested in 36%

Base: All respondents: March 2021 survey (8,738); June 2021 survey (8,681).

Note: Responses shown are limited to the options provided.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

2 More health-conscious

Given that many people have been shut indoors for such a long time, it might seem surprising to hear anyone claiming they've become healthier since we conducted our first Pulse survey. But that's what most consumers are saying. Even more eye-opening, perhaps, is that among those working from home, being close to the refrigerator and the TV remote doesn't seem to have had adverse effects on health. In fact, more of the work-at-home group say they have better health now (55%) than do those who work away from home (46%).

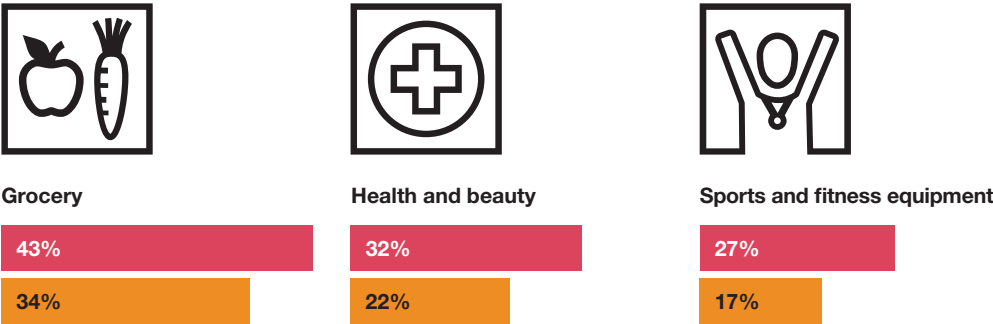


Change the perspective, though, and those responses make sense. Those workers who no longer have to commute and who have more control over their days have time to focus on eating better and exercising more, as noted by the number of work-at-home consumers who say they're spending more in the grocery, health and beauty, and sports and fitness categories (see Exhibit 5).

Exhibit 5

Those working at home expect to spend more in health-related categories

Q: Thinking about your spending over the next six months (April 2021 through September 2021), to the best of your ability, please describe your expectations across the following categories.



■ Working from home ■ Working away from home

Base: 'Working at home' cohort (3,416); 'working away from home' cohort (2,513).
Note: Answers show only the health-related categories that were provided as options.
Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

Exhibit 6

One-quarter of consumers are concerned about health and safety, but there are regional differences

Q: In the current climate, which attributes are important to you when shopping in physical stores? (Answers reflect only those who selected "increased health and safety.")

Territories in which "increased health and safety" was ranked first	
United Arab Emirates	37%
Philippines	36%
Mexico	35%
South Africa	34%
Spain	34%
Territories that were least inclined to rank "increased health and safety" as a top priority	
Russia	11%
South Korea	16%
Japan	17%
Australia	19%
France	22%

Base: All respondents (8,681).
Note: Responses shown are limited to the options provided.
Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



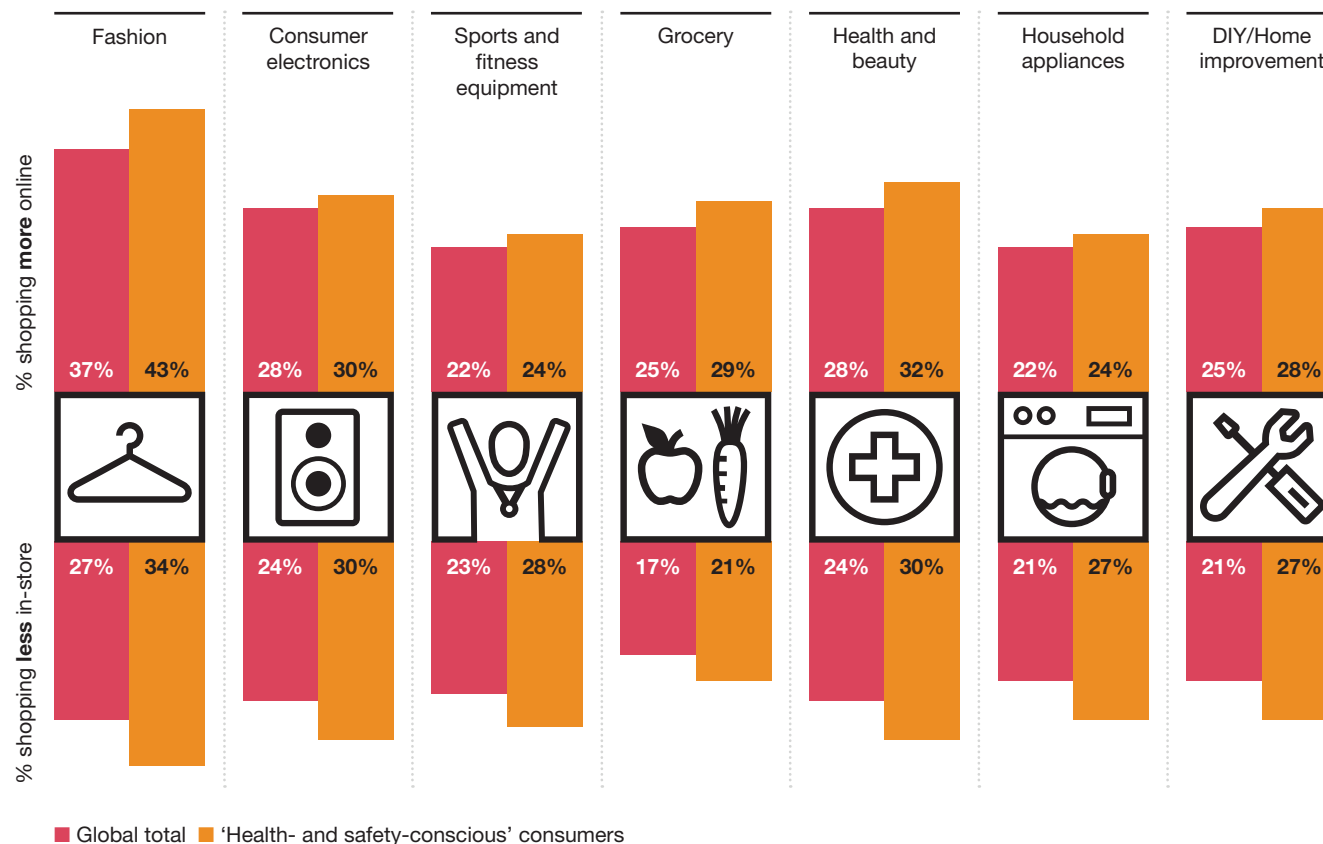
As seen in our earlier Pulse survey, consumers in the cohort we've identified as health- and safety-conscious are still noticeably less likely to shop in-store—including in grocery stores—than others. They do more of their buying on their laptop, tablet or mobile phone (see Exhibit 7).

Exhibit 7

'Health- and safety-conscious' consumers report they are still shopping less in physical stores

Q: Considering the following product categories, how has the way you shop online changed, if at all, in the past six months (from October 2020 to March 2021)?

Q: Considering the same product categories, how has the way you shop in physical stores changed, if at all, in the past six months (from October 2020 to March 2021)?



Base: All respondents (8,681); 'health- and safety-conscious' cohort (2,203).

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



Our insight: For now, and perhaps for months to come, shoppers might continue to put health and safety concerns above other issues, such as environmental sustainability. But we do expect this trend to ease as more people become vaccinated against COVID-19. Consumers' increased focus on their personal well-being, nutrition and fitness is more likely to be permanent, especially as many people continue to work from home.

When examining consumer behaviour at the local level, we notice that respondents in Southeast Asia and the Middle East overwhelmingly state that they've become more healthy since we conducted our first Pulse survey, and some of these countries' respondents exceed the global average by about 30 percentage points. Globally, 49% of survey respondents say they're healthier. In Indonesia, it's 83%; Vietnam, 80%; Saudi Arabia, 79%; and Egypt and the United Arab Emirates, 68%.

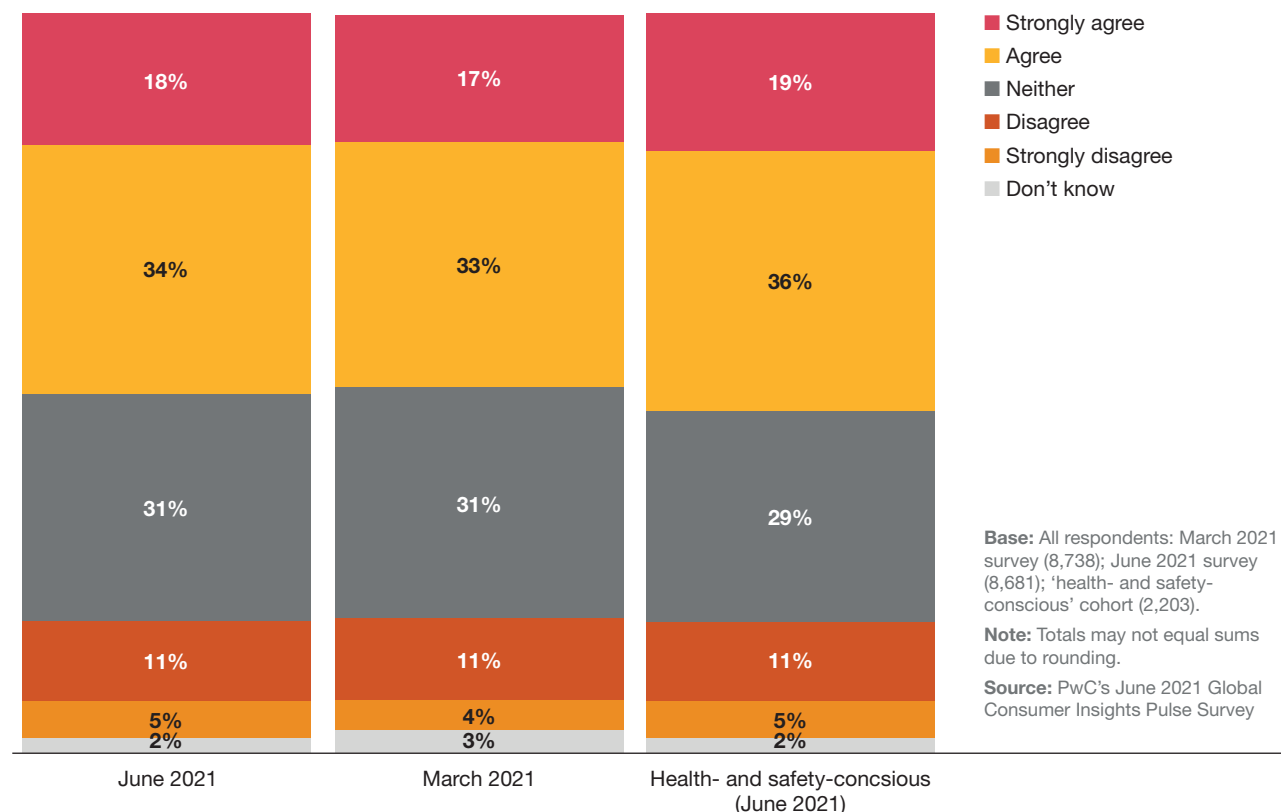
So it's not surprising that the health- and safety-conscious cohort will, when they do shop in-store, favour retailers that clearly telegraph their health and safety measures—measures such as mandatory face masks for store employees and customers and social distancing precautions, including on-floor directional signage and spacing at checkout lines.

Yet it's not only these 'conscientious consumers' who feel this way. The majority of all shoppers, not just those in the conscientious cohort, have shown more concern for health and safety than for the environment in both of our Pulse surveys (see Exhibit 8).

Exhibit 8

Most shoppers put health and safety concerns above environmental concerns

Q: Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statement: "When it comes to consuming single-use materials (e.g., face masks, paper towels, disinfecting wipes, plastic cutlery/straws/containers, gloves), my concerns over health and safety outweigh my sense of environmental responsibility."



3 More eco-friendly

It would hearten environmental activists everywhere to know that fully half of all global consumers we surveyed say they've become more eco-friendly since we conducted our first Pulse survey. And, continuing a trend from our first Pulse survey, consumers in Southeast Asia and the Middle East are leading the way. Globally, 50% of consumers say they're more eco-friendly, but in Indonesia it's 86%; Vietnam and the Philippines, 74%; Egypt, 68%; and the United Arab Emirates, 67%.



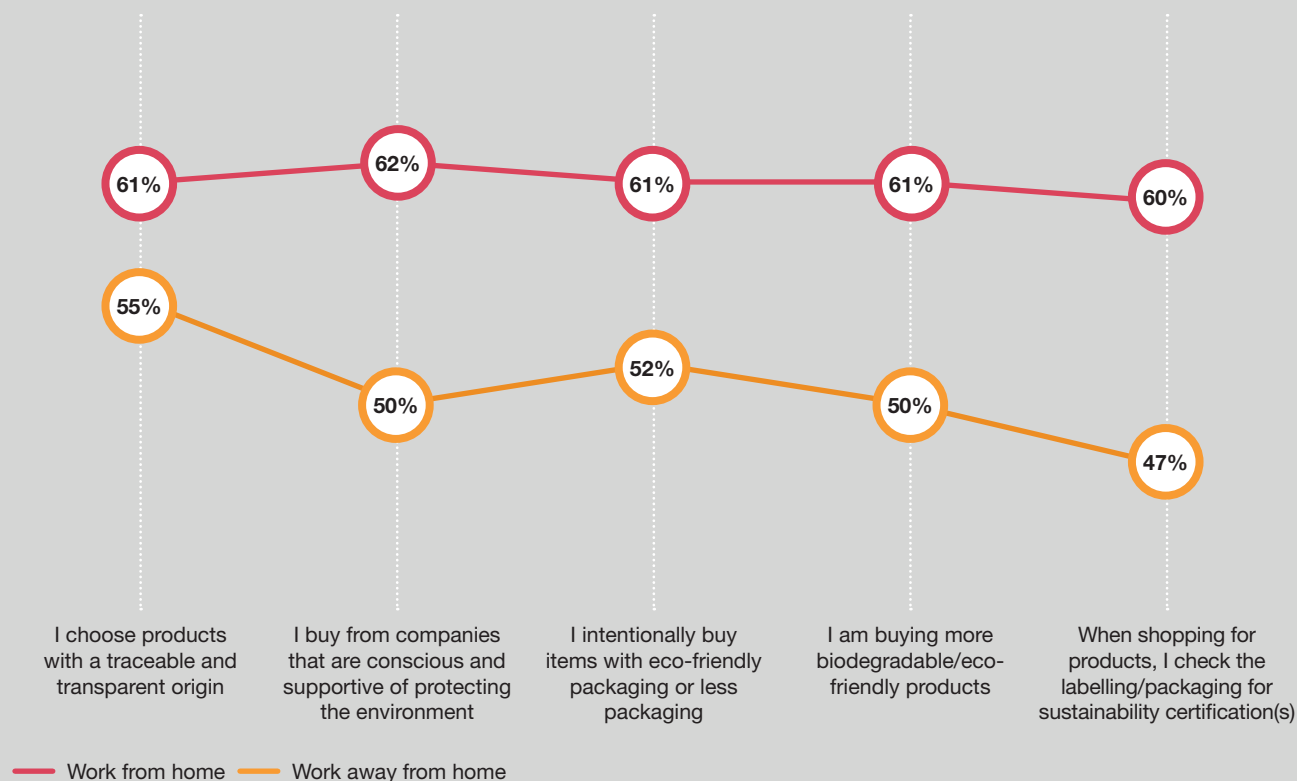
There's a marked difference in responses between those who've been working at home and those whose work is still outside the home: more at-home consumers say they've become more environmentally sensitive compared with those working away from home (see Exhibit 9).

Overall, those working at home appear to shop more sustainably than those still going into a workplace. One of the most striking contrasts between these two cohorts is in the extent to which they now check labelling or packaging for assurances about a product's eco-credentials. A similar trend shows up among conscientious consumers: more of them say they're more aware of the need to shop sustainably.

Exhibit 9

Those working from home are more likely to say they engage in sustainable behaviours

Q: Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements around shopping sustainably. (Answers shown are a combination of "agree" and "strongly agree" responses.)



Base: 'Work from home' cohort (3,416); 'work away from home' cohort (2,513).

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

Exhibit 10**Price is the main blocker for those who don't shop sustainably**

Q: Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements around shopping sustainably.

44% 

had no opinion or disagreed with three or more statements around shopping sustainability.

Q: Which of the following, if any, affect your ability to shop more sustainably? (Answers shown are those who disagreed or had no opinion in response to three or more sustainability statements.)

Sustainable products are priced too high

44%

Lack of sustainable options

32%

The quality of sustainable products is not consistent

24%

I don't have time to look for sustainable options

20%

I have no interest in sustainability or ethically produced products

19%

I am not aware of sustainable products and practices

15%

None of the above

9%

And yet our most recent Pulse survey reveals that a sizeable proportion of shoppers don't necessarily prioritise eco-anything. Forty-four percent of those demonstrating less interest in sustainable shopping—those who either disagree with sustainability statements or have no opinion—contend that sustainable products cost too much. Some respondents point to inconsistent quality in those products, and others say they just don't have time to shop for sustainable options. Our survey found that members of this less eco-friendly group of shoppers are more likely to work away from home, are more driven by convenience when choosing how to shop, and are less likely to have changed how much they shop both online and in-store since we conducted our first Pulse survey (see Exhibit 10).

Base: All respondents (8,681); respondents who had no opinion or disagreed with three or more statements around shopping sustainability (3,815).

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

Interestingly, our most recent Pulse survey found that the greenness of a brand has an impact on how loyal shoppers are to that product or service. Sustainable experiences aren't among the two top drivers of loyalty, but we find it notable that ethical practices and sustainable practices rank fifth and seventh on the list, respectively (see Exhibit 11).

And what about younger generations? With Swedish climate activist Greta Thunberg as a flag-bearer, they get plenty of credit for their green credentials. However, our most recent Pulse survey reveals that their eco-sensitivity might be overrated.

Although Millennials see themselves as most changed since we conducted our first Pulse survey—58% of core Millennials (ages 27–32) say they're more eco-friendly than they were—that's not the whole story. Far fewer of their Generation Z siblings checked that box, ranking just shy of Generation X's response and not much beyond Baby Boomers' views of how they've changed with regard to environmental sustainability.

Exhibit 11

Reliability is key to brand loyalty, but ethical and sustainable practices also factor in

Q: Considering this list of brand attributes, which of the following influence your likelihood to remain loyal to a brand? (Answers reflect percentage who chose the reason as one of their top three.)

Reliability (the brand always delivers what I expect)

46%

Products that are widely available

31%

Exceptional customer service

26%

Loyalty programmes

26%

Ethical practices

24%

Enjoyable/fun experience

20%

Sustainable practices

19%

Exclusivity

18%

Personalisation

17%

Commitment to giving back to society

15%

Engaging content

14%

Seamless digital experience

12%



Base: All respondents (8,681).

Note: Responses shown are limited to the options provided.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

But a closer look at our most recent Pulse findings shows that even if younger generations are not all becoming more eco-friendly, they still tilt towards eco-sensitive behaviours—Millennials in particular. A significant slice of older Millennials, aged 33–36, say they choose products with traceable and transparent origins, and almost as many core Millennials, aged 27–32, indicate that they buy from companies that are eco-conscious (see Exhibit 12).



Our insight: Consumers are definitely expressing increased interest in sustainability. But our data also shows that consumer goods companies and retailers shouldn't overestimate this green wave. Although more consumers are saying they're eco-friendly, there are still many who say they aren't. And our data indicates that Generation Z, in particular, might be mostly aspirational about eco-friendly behaviours; their ideals often don't translate into spending. We believe that as companies continue to make sustainable choices more affordable and practical, though, consumers increasingly will turn aspiration into action.

Exhibit 12

Millennials are most likely to be thinking about sustainability while shopping

Q: Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements around shopping sustainably. (Answers are a combination of “agree” or “strongly agree” responses)

Darker shades of grey indicate greater proportions of agreement relative to other generational cohorts.

	Generation Z	Young Millennials	Core Millennials	Mature Millennials	Generation X	Baby Boomers
I choose products with a traceable and transparent origin	47%	59%	60%	62%	56%	48%
I buy from companies that are conscious and supportive of protecting the environment	49%	60%	61%	58%	53%	47%
I intentionally buy items with eco-friendly packaging or less packaging	48%	55%	60%	55%	55%	51%
I am buying more biodegradable/eco-friendly products	48%	56%	59%	58%	52%	47%
When shopping for products, I check the labelling/packaging for sustainability certification(s)	47%	57%	58%	53%	51%	43%

Base: Generation Z (1,360); Young Millennials (933); Core Millennials (1,588); Mature Millennials (919); Generation X (2,848); Baby Boomers (975).

Note: Respondents between the ages of 23 and 26 are considered young Millennials. Those between ages 27 and 32 are core Millennials, and those between ages 33 and 36 are mature or older Millennials. The Greatest Generation is not shown, because the base is too low.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

4 More price-sensitive

Even though many people are now receiving vaccinations, and signs of recovery are appearing in some economies, consumers' money anxieties have not yet eased. More than half of the respondents in our most recent Pulse survey say they've become more focused on saving than they were when our first Pulse survey was conducted. Even more say they're now more price-oriented.



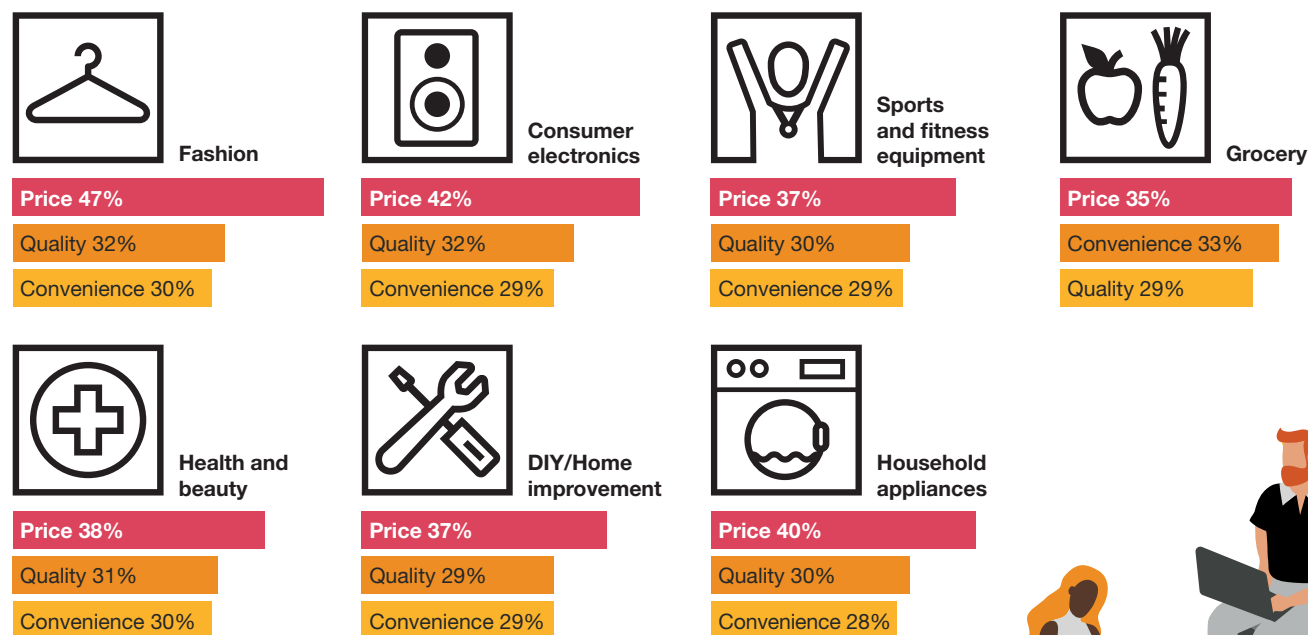
In fact, consumers tell us that in the time since our first Pulse survey was conducted, price is the dominant reason they've shopped online more or maintained their level of online shopping. Price outpaces quality and convenience by wide margins in every category except grocery, in which it still prevails but by smaller margins (see Exhibit 13).

Widespread job losses early in 2020 forced many shoppers to rein in their purchasing in many spending categories, such as entertainment and travel. According to our most recent Pulse survey, consumers are particularly likely to say they're focused on saving and on prices if they live in countries that have been hit hard by the pandemic. Globally, 56% say they're more price-oriented. In Mexico, it's 74%; South Africa, 73%; the Philippines, 72%; Indonesia, 71%; and Russia, 70%. Fifty-four percent of global consumers say they're more focused on saving, whereas in the United Arab Emirates and Malaysia, it's 72%; the Philippines, 71%; South Africa, 70%; and Thailand, 69%.

Exhibit 13

Price continues to dominate as the reason consumers shop online

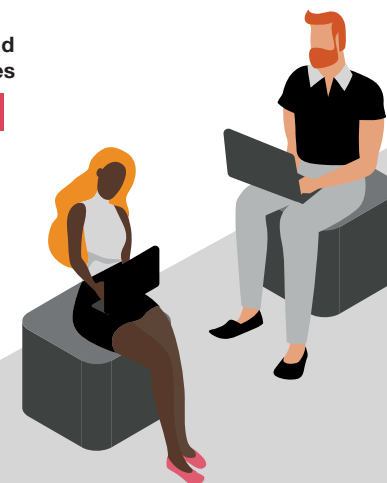
Q: For each product category, what are the main reasons why your online shopping has increased or stayed the same in the past six months (from October 2020 to March 2021)? (Answers reflect percentage who chose the reason as one of their top two.)



Base: All respondents who have shopped online more or the same amount (5,292–6,934).

Note: Responses shown are limited to the options provided.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



And yet the survey results indicate that in many households, spending power has actually increased, in part because there have been fewer outlets for spending in the past year. Economists at Barclays calculate that the equivalent of 7% of gross domestic product has been saved in the US since the pandemic began. In the UK, the number is equal to 6% of GDP; in the Eurozone, it's 5%.

Exhibit 14

Categories in which consumers expect to increase spending

Q: Thinking about your spending over the next six months (from April 2021 through September 2021), to the best of your ability, please describe your expectations across the following categories. (Answers reflect percentage who expect to increase spending in each category.)



Base: All respondents (8,738).

Note: Alcoholic beverages category doesn't include the Middle East, making the base for that category 8,225.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



Our insight: At the time this second Pulse survey closed in March 2021, consumers were still hesitant about spending, especially on nonessentials. But we do expect consumers' disposition towards spending to eventually improve as the economic recovery continues. Savings habits might stick, but wallets will open once again.

Some of that spending will surely go to necessities, such as food and household goods. But our most recent Pulse survey shows that spending on most at-home activities will hardly change at all. There's greater potential for consumers to increase their spending on outside-the-home activities. Consumers we surveyed are particularly eager to spend more on dining out. This is especially notable among consumers in the US and Europe (see Exhibit 14).

At least some of consumers' spending will go where it has not gone for some time: into savings. In another seismic behavioural change, consumers are putting money into rainy-day accounts. Even if today's younger generations don't mimic the savings practices of those who experienced the Great Depression, they, too, are putting money aside.

5 More local

Everything seemed to 'go local' during the pandemic. Those who couldn't travel far afield began exploring their own regions with renewed interest, ordering food from local restaurants and finding creative ways to entertain and celebrate milestones in a socially distanced way.

Even though horizons for many people are beginning to widen, 'going local' is still popular: 43% of those polled in our most recent Pulse survey say their activities have become more local since our first Pulse survey was conducted. Regional differences are stark with this trend; some territories are more than 20 percentage points higher than the global average. In Indonesia, 69% say they're more local; in Russia, 63%; the Philippines, 58%; South Africa, 57%; and Malaysia, 54%.

To nobody's surprise, that local emphasis is more marked among those who say they're planning to spend more on at-home activities than on activities outside the home.



The entertainment sector should be encouraged by the latest results—though it shouldn't expect a stampede towards sports stadiums or centres for the arts, our survey respondents tell us they're more inclined to go to a sporting competition or other mass-attendance event in the next six months.

Predictably, the conscientious consumer cohort will be the last to return to outside activities such as travel, dining out, and attending sports and other events.

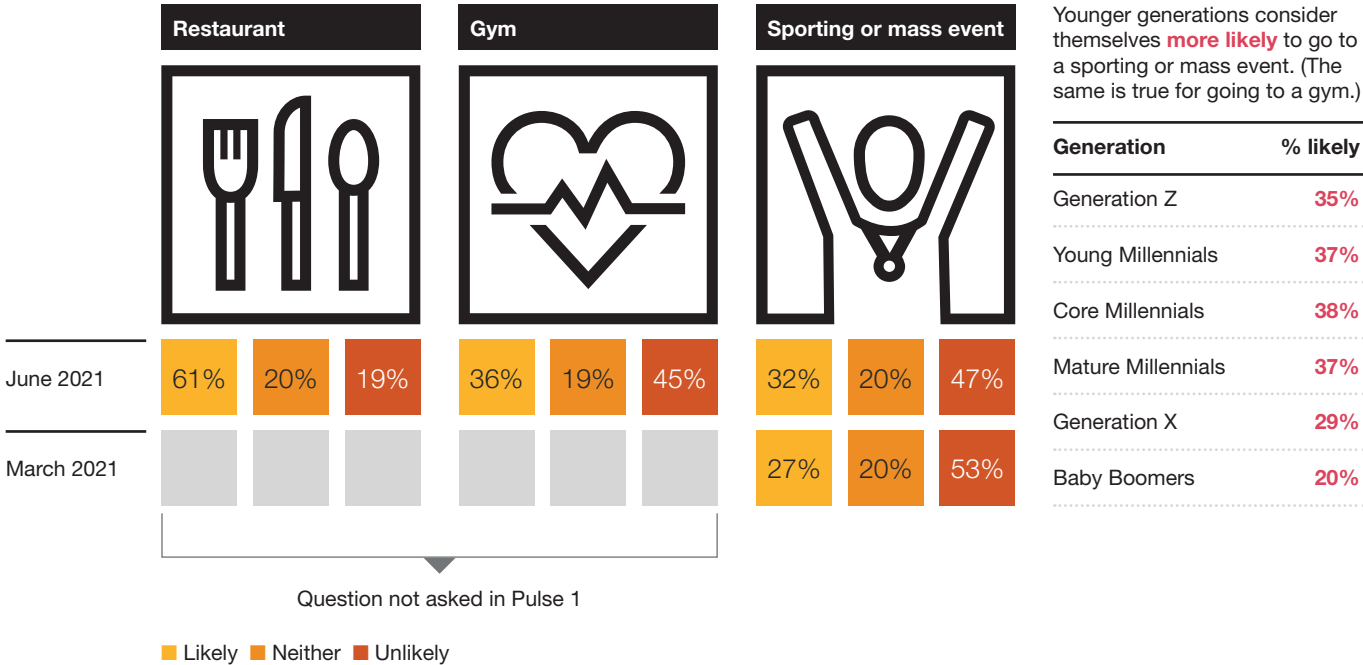
And even though Generation Z and Millennials say they're comparatively more ready to jump back into big-crowd events, they, too, are being reserved. The percentage of younger people who say they're more likely to go to a sporting event or other crowded scene in the near future doesn't surpass 38% (see Exhibit 15).



Exhibit 15

Consumers are more likely to say they'll go to big events

Q: In the next six months (from April 2021 through September 2021), how likely are you to go to a... (Answers are a combination of "likely" and "very likely" responses and "unlikely" and "very unlikely" responses.)



Younger generations consider themselves **more likely** to go to a sporting or mass event. (The same is true for going to a gym.)

Generation	% likely
Generation Z	35%
Young Millennials	37%
Core Millennials	38%
Mature Millennials	37%
Generation X	29%
Baby Boomers	20%

Base: All respondents: March 2021 survey (8,738); June 2021 survey (8,681).
Note: Respondents between the ages of 23 and 26 are considered young Millennials. Those between ages 27 and 32 are core Millennials, and those between ages 33 and 36 are mature or older Millennials.
Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

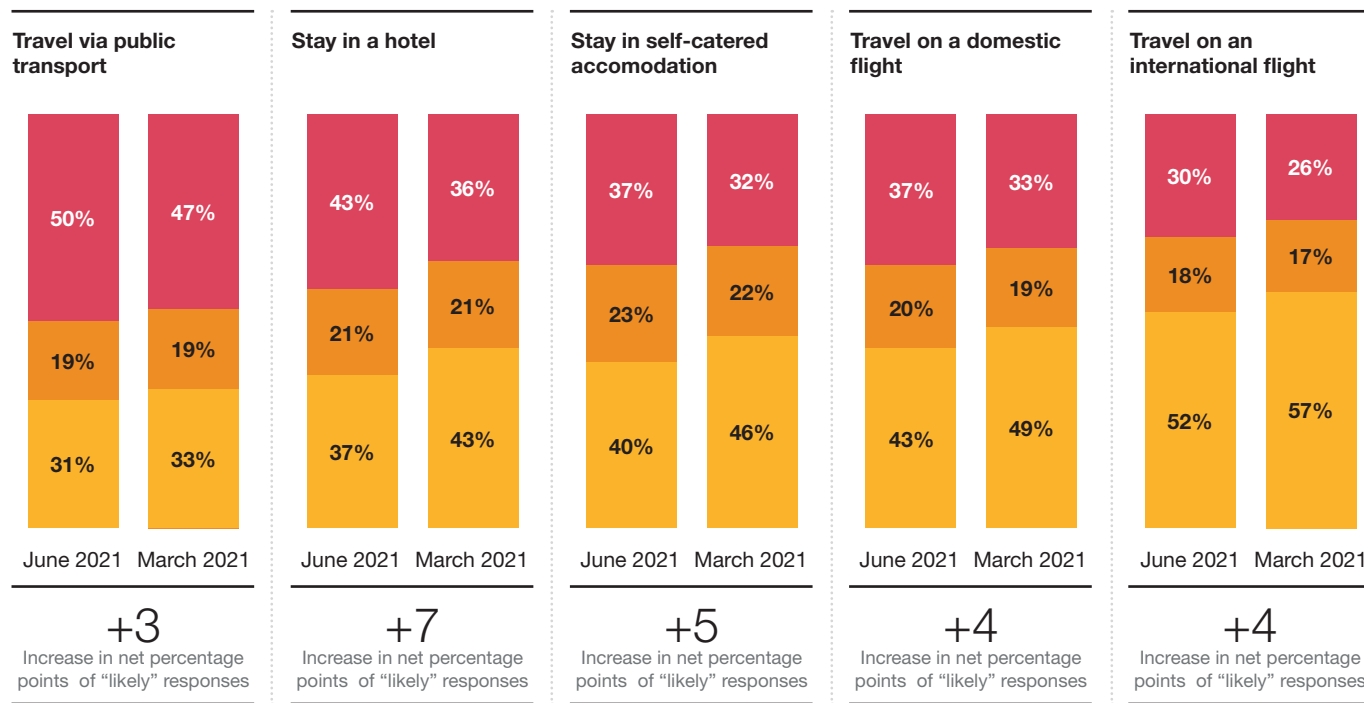


But since our last survey, there's been a definite pickup in the percentages of consumers saying they're ready—or getting ready—to travel again. We see a sharp uptick in the number of those saying they're likely to stay in a hotel before year end, and half say they'll be OK with taking public transportation. The numbers are up for flying, too, although the low overall rankings reveal continued concerns with these activities (see Exhibit 16).

Exhibit 16

Consumers are more willing to travel

Q: In the next six months (from April 2021 through September 2021), how likely are you to... (Answers are a combination of "likely" and "very likely" responses and "unlikely" and "very unlikely" responses.)



■ Likely ■ Neither ■ Unlikely

Base: All respondents: March 2021 survey (8,738); June 2021 survey (8,681).

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey



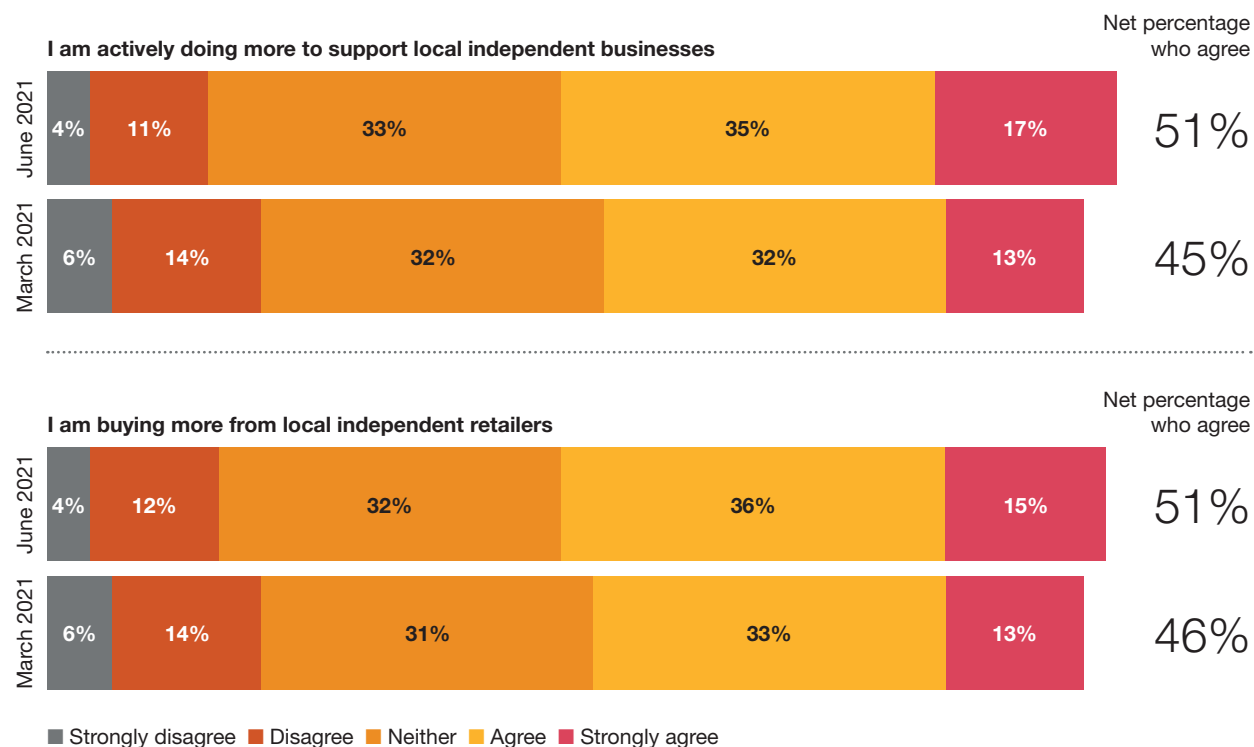
Our insight: For the most part, consumers will be quite cautious about what they do in the world outside their home. Just as mask-wearing will likely continue to some degree long after most people have been fully vaccinated, consumers probably also will remain more parochial than they've been for years.

Local can also be interpreted in terms of shopping in-store in one's neighbourhood or postal code. Small, independent providers and retailers will be pleased to see a solid 6 percentage point step-up in the number of shoppers who say they've been doing more to support local independent businesses. More respondents also say they're buying more from local, independent stores than was the case when we conducted our first Pulse survey (see Exhibit 17). Those habitually working from home are also far more likely to shop locally—65% of respondents who work at home say they actively do more to support local businesses, compared with 45% of respondents who work away from home.

Exhibit 17

More consumers are shopping locally

Q: Thinking about the past six months (from October 2020 to March 2021), considering your general shopping behaviour both online and in physical stores, please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.



Base: All respondents: March 2021 survey (8,738); June 2021 survey (8,681).

Note: Totals may not equal sums due to rounding. "Don't know" was removed from the field of answers in the June 2021 Pulse survey.

Source: PwC's June 2021 Global Consumer Insights Pulse Survey

Light at the end of the tunnel

Even though the pandemic continues to devastate nations such as India and Brazil, some light is appearing at the end of this long, dark tunnel. COVID-19 vaccinations are clearly a positive: for instance, 56% of the Israeli population had been fully vaccinated by mid-May 2021; 38% of Chileans, 27% of Britons and 26% of Qataris had obtained the same relief.

And now the animal spirits of the economy are starting to stir. The International Monetary Fund projects a 6.4% expansion for the global economy in 2021, and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development forecasts a 5.6% rise in global GDP growth this year—a 1.5% lift over what the intergovernmental body had expected as recently as December 2020. Our most recent Pulse survey mirrors those sentiments, with 36% of consumers saying they've become more optimistic about the economy since late last year. As ever, it's the young who are most upbeat about the future.

But nobody alive today will ever forget the year-plus that was dominated by the coronavirus. For many, behaviour changes, both forced and voluntary, will have become habit. Savvy consumer companies will be alert to these permanent changes and will be making their own adaptations.



Methodology

For the 2021 Global Consumer Insights Survey, PwC adopted a 'pulse' approach in order to remain attuned to changes in the worldwide landscape and connected to the behaviours of the global consumer. This semiannual study seeks to keep a closer watch on changing consumer trends. It was put into the field in late autumn 2020 and in spring 2021.

For the second Pulse survey in the series, we polled 8,681 consumers across 22 territories (Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, Hong Kong SAR, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the Middle East, Netherlands, the Philippines, Russia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Thailand, the United States and Vietnam). The survey was translated into 16 languages and fielded in March 2021. The respondents were at least 18 years old and were required to have shopped online at least once in the previous year.

This survey and its analysis were undertaken by PwC Research, our global centre of excellence for primary research and evidence-based consulting services. For more, visit: www.pwc.co.uk/pwcresearch

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